

Topic : General Organic Chemistry
Type of Questions

Single choice Objective ('-1' negative marking) Q.1 to Q.5

(3 marks, 3 min.)

M.M., Min.

[15, 15]

Assertion and Reason (no negative marking) Q.6

(3 marks, 3 min.)

[3, 3]

Match the Following (no negative marking) Q.7

(8 marks, 10 min.)

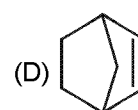
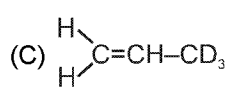
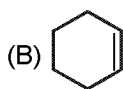
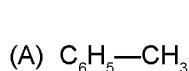
[8, 10]

Subjective Questions ('-1' negative marking) Q.8

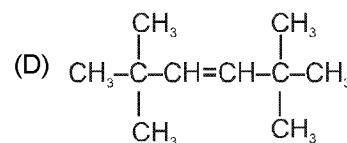
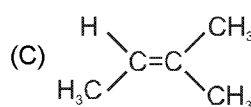
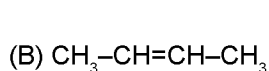
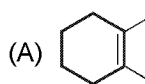
(4 marks, 5 min.)

[4, 5]

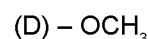
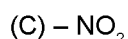
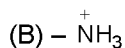
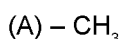
1. Which of the following species will show hyperconjugation :



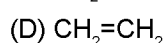
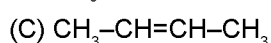
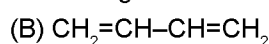
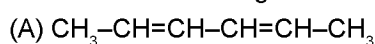
2. Which of the following alkenes will show maximum number of hyperconjugation forms ?



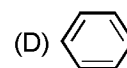
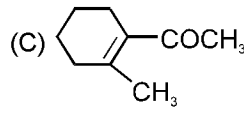
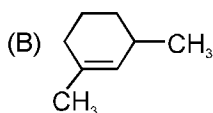
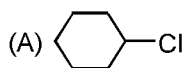
3. Which of the following groups in aromatic compounds is/are electron releasing group (s) ?



4. Which of the following molecule has longest C=C bond length.



5. In which of the following molecules all the effects namely inductive, mesomeric and hyperconjugation operate :


 6. **Statement-1** : Vinyl chloride will show both $-I$ effect as well as $+M$ due to chlorine.

Statement-2 : $-I$ & $+M$ can never be shown by any molecule.

(A) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is a correct explanation for Statement-1.

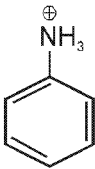
(B) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is True; Statement-2 is NOT a correct explanation for Statement-1.

(C) Statement-1 is True, Statement-2 is False.

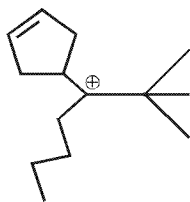
(D) Statement-1 is False, Statement-2 is True.



7. Match the compounds given in column I with their electronic effects mentioned in column II

| Column I | Column II |
|---|--|
| <p>(A) </p> | <p>(p) Inductive effect</p> |
| <p>(B) $\text{CH}_3 - \underset{\text{CH}_3}{\overset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}} - \text{CH} = \text{C} \begin{matrix} \text{H} \\ \text{H} \end{matrix}$</p> | <p>(q) Delocalisation of π electron</p> |
| <p>(C) $\text{CH}_3 - \text{CH} = \text{CH} - \overset{\cdot\cdot}{\text{O}}\text{H}$</p> | <p>(r) Hyperconjugation</p> |
| <p>(D) $\text{CH}_3 - \overset{\oplus}{\text{C}}(\text{CH}_3) - \text{CH}_2 - \overset{\cdot\cdot}{\text{O}} - \text{CH}_3$</p> | <p>(s) Mesomeric effect</p> |

8. The total number of contributing structures showing hyperconjugation (involving C–H bonds) for the following molecule is



Answer Key

DPP No. # 14

| | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|----|---|-----|-------|----|-----|----|-----|
| 1.* | (ABC) | 2. | (A) | 3.* | (A,D) | 4. | (A) | 5. | (C) |
| 6. | (C) | 7. | (A → p, q), (B → p), (C → p, q, r, s), (D → p, r) | 8. | 7 | | | | |

Hints & Solutions

DPP No. # 14

